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THE

ENGLISH NATION.

Cuelday, July 23. 1706.

Am told, I am a little too arrogant in confining our War to the Event of Peace, and that Circumstances may happen, which may make it necessary to pursue the Enemy farther than the bare reftraining him from Mischief --- And this Part of it I readily grant.

But all this does not confine me from faying, the true End and Delign of this War must be Peace; because the only justifiable End of fighting is so, all the rest is Plun-

der and Depredation.

As to peffelling our Neighbours Country, and giving it to our Soldiers, it feems to me not any part of this Matter; we cannot do it, we cannot think of it without defroying our own just Pretences, and occafionally conforming to that Tyranny we profels to pull down-

England has Ways and Means sufficient to reward those, that venture their Lives in her Service—Were we inclin'd to be grateful, and not when Men have fought for us, and deliver'd us, and come to be disbanded, turn them away with Poverty and Contempt, and expose them to Jails

and Gibbets; or to seek Bread in foreign Service, of which I shall speak in its Season.

But that I may not offer my Opinion alone in this Case, I crave leave to bring some Vouchers to it, I have quoted already, Her MajeRy's Speeches to the Parliament, and the Parliaments Addresses to Her MajeRy; all which express the utmost Hopes and the last End of this War, to be restoring the Liberty of Europe, and obtaining a left-ing Feace. I have quoted the Duke of Marlborough's Letter to Mr. Secretary

Harley &

Harley; wherein his Grace prays for it, as all the Bleffing we feek by this War; that the French may be reduc'd to the Necessity of

accepting a firm and folid Peace.

Let me add a few more Authorities to my Opinion; Mr. Sunyar, the English Envoy in Switzerland, in his Memorial to the Canton of Bern, tells them, it is the utmost of our Hopes, To reduce France to its just Bounds, and settle the Peace of Europe on a safe and lasting Foundation.

The Diffenting Ministers Address to the QUEEN, congratulating her Majesty on the wonderful Victories now obtain'd, has

the same Words, Viz.

As the important Confequences of your Majesty's Triumphs make a daily Accession to
your Glory; so they give us Hopes, and
an agreeable Prospect of a speedy Redution of France to its just Limits, and
the Restitution of Liberty and Peace to

Europe.

I think, I need go no farther; tho' I have a great Number of other Authorities concurring with my Opinion; I hope, no Man can take itamifs, that I thus differ in my Notion of the War from them; I entirely accquiefce in the Reduction of our Enemies, and of all the Enemies of the Protestant Religion, and the general Liberty of Mankind, whether at home or abroad; I would have all Manner of Tyranny, whether French or English, Foreign or Domestick, Ecclesiastical or Civil, reduc'd; or ala Mode of Roger the Countyman muzzled, most effectually muzzled, so as never to be able to worry Mankind any more.

Liberty is certainly a civil Right of Divine Original, the only Claim of Mankind which is *fure Divino* universally; he that won't fight for it, is a Fool, he that denies it to any, must be a Knave, Anglice, a Tyrant; for a Tyrant cannot be an honest

Man.

Well, Gentlemen, to leave the Event of things a while, let us talk of what is now in Agitation; and fince our laft we are made glad with unexpected News from haly; Prince Eugene resolves not to be in the Duke of Marlborough's Debt, he will endeavour to cap Victories with him, and keep the Reckoning even—Now we

are inform'd, he has pass'd the Adige, with an unexpected Success, has push'd the French from all their Fastnesses, drove them before him with his usual Valour, and they seem dispirited there as well as in Flanders.

And which is more beyond Expectation, than the reft; the Germans make their way down to the Po, and this I cannot but

remark on a little.

To have travers'd the Milanese, had been a tedious and almost impracticable thing, the Country being so full of Rivers, Canals, and innumerable Advantages to an Enemy, who is to stand only on the De-

fensive.

But if he passes the Po, and keeping the lower Bank of that River, marches thro' Parma, Modena, &c. he has, tho' a longer March, a plainer way to Piedmons which is the Design—God send him a good Journey, I conses, 'tis now more hopeful than it was before, to my Apprehension—Let us view a little the Case of the Duke of Savar.

That faithful and conftant Prince has been not very successful; since he lest Turin, the French have push'd him with a great deal of Celerity, and pursued him so close, that he has not without great Difficulty recovered the Mountains, sent the Ladies away to Genoa by Sea, and now shelters himself only by the inaccessible Difficulties

of the Country.

Having thus coup't him up, and separated his Forces; the Siege of Turin becomes not so absolutely necessary to the French, as it did before——A Blockade till towards the End of the Champaign may be sufficient, and in its Event as fatal to Turin, as a Siege; for a severe Winter Blockade to a Town, so great and populous, must be very ruinous to the Trade, and Subtistence of the numerous Families there.

Now, if they form it into first a Bombardment, and then a Blockade, Monsieur Feuillade may spare 15000 Men at least, and of them 5000 Horse, which heis very grong, in, to joyn the Duke de Vendosme's Army.

And this now feems the greatest Case before me, if this Army won't fight, if the Consternation is universal, and the French will fight no where, I know not what to

Lay

fay to that; The King of France must send us Word, he will fight no more, and cry Quarter, that is send us the Carte Blanche to make our own Terms—And then we come to my Point again, PEACE. Peace and Liberty are certainly the things we fight for, Mad-men only fight for the sake of quarrelling; and Bedlam, not a Protestant Army, is fit to eatertain them.

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derstood, viz. The Reasonableness of Christianity. Christianity not mysterious. The Rights of the Christian Church, Ge. As also, how that Sense and those Reasonings are bottom'd, upon the Hypothesis established in the said Essay of Human Understanding. By VVilliam Caroll. Printed for John Morphew near Stationers-Hall. 1706. Pr. 41.

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don and Westminster. 1706. E Laune's Plea for the Non-Conformifts: Shewing the true State of their Case, and how far the Conformist's Separation from the Church of Rome for their Popilh Superfitions, &c. introduced into the Service of God, justifies the Non-Conformift's Separation from them. In a Letter to Dr. Benjamin Calamy, on his Sermon called, Scrupulous Conscience, inviting hereto. To which is added, A Parallel Scheme of the Pagan, Papal, and Christian Rites and Ceremonies. With a Narrative of the Sufferings underwent for Writing, Printing and Publishing hereof. By Thomas Delaune, who died in Newgate during his Imprisonment for this Book: Printed twenty Years ago ? but being feiz'd by the Messenger of the Press, was afterwards burnt by the Hangman; And now re-printed from the Authororiginal Copy. With a Preface by the Author of the Review. London, Printed for, and Sold by Villiam and Joseph Marshal, at the Bible in Newgate frees, and John Marshal, at the Bible in Grace-church--Street. 1705.

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